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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	JING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/632,094	0	8/01/2003	David Hone	08560001AA	3402	
30743	7590	07/15/2005	EXAMINER			
WHITHAM 11491 SUNS	•	S & CHRISTOFF	GUZO, I	GUZO, DAVID		
SUITE 340	ET IIICES	. T	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
RESTON, V	'A 20190		1636			

DATE MAILED: 07/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicat	Application No. Appl		pplicant(s)					
		10/632,0	94	HONE, DAVID						
Office Action Summary			r	Art Unit						
		David Gu		1636						
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on th	e cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ac	idress					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).										
Status										
1)⊠	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>2/17/05</u> .									
•	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.									
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is									
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.									
Dispositi	on of Claims									
4)🖾	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> is/are pending in the application.									
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
	Claim(s) is/are rejected.									
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.									
8)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> are subject to restriction and/o	or election red	quirement.							
Application	on Papers									
9)[] 7	The specification is objected to by the Exami	iner.								
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.										
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11)[1	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. No	ote the attached Office	Action or form P1	ΓO-152.					
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119									
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> </ul>										
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage										
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).									
* S	* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •										
Attachment(s)										
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary (							
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0	)8)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Pa		D-152)					
	No(s)/Mail Date	-,	6)	,						

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## **Election/Restriction**

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-21, drawn to a double stranded RNA (dsRNA) phage that expresses at least one genetic sequence in eukaryotic cells, comprising: a cap independent translation enhancer (CITE); and at least one genetic sequence that is expressed in a eukaryote cell, wherein said CITE and said at least one genetic sequence are functionally linked and are incorporated into one or more dsRNA segments in the dsRNA, classified in class 435, subclass 3201.
- II. Claims 23-29, 31-33, drawn to a method of immunizing a subject comprising infecting said subject with a live attenuated bacterium comprising a dsRNA phage that expresses at least one immunogen, classified in class 424, subclass 93.2.
- III. Claim 30, drawn to a method of vaccinating an animal comprising pulsing dendritic cells with dsRNA phage that expresses at least one genetic sequence in eukaryotic cells and injecting said dendritic cells into an animal, classified in class 424, subclass 93.6.
- IV. Claims 22, 34-36, drawn to an anthrax vaccine comprising a live bacterium harboring a dsRNA phage that expresses at least one genetic sequence that expresses *Bacillus anthrax* lethal factor, classified in class 435, subclass 252.5.

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V. Claims 22, 37-39, drawn to a tuberculosis vaccine comprising a live bacterium harboring a dsRNA phage that expresses at least one genetic sequence that expresses tuberculosis antigen, classified in class 435, subclass 252.3.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the dsRNA phage of Group I can be introduced into dendritic cells and said dendritic cells injected into an animal so as to elicit an immune response to antigens expressed by the phage.

Inventions I and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the dsRNA phage of Group I can be introduced into a live bacterium and the bacterium used to vaccinate animals.

Inventions IV and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In

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the instant case the different inventions involve vaccines against different pathogens (anthrax vs. tuberculosis) wherein each vaccine comprises a bacterium which expresses different, unrelated, antigens expressed by the dsRNA phage contained in the bacterium. Each invention would be capable of supporting a separate patent and a search of one invention would not be co-extensive with a search of the other and hence would be burdensome.

Inventions I, IV and V are related as combination and subcombination.

Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the bacterium can be engineered to express the antigen of interest (i.e. the anthrax lethal factor protein or the tuberculosis antigen) using any expression vector operable in said bacterium. The subcombination has separate utility such as being introduced into dendritic cells wherein the phage expresses an antigen of interest and the dendritic cells are introduced into a subject so as to generate an immune response.

Inventions II and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions involve two distinct methods for vaccinating (or immunizing) animals which involve distinct, unrelated, method steps (i.e. pulsing

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dendritic cells with dsRNA phage in Group II and introducing the dendritic cells into the subject vs. infecting the subject with bacteria comprising dsRNA) wherein a search of one invention would not be co-extensive with a search of the other and hence said search would be burdensome.

Inventions II, IV and V are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the method for immunizing a subject against a pathogen can be practiced using a bacterium with a non-viral expression vector capable of expressing a antigen of interest or an attenuated bacterium which itself expresses a naturally occurring antigen.

Inventions III, IV and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions involve a method for vaccinating an animal (Group III) which involves introducing dendritic cells, pulsed with dsRNA phage, into the animal and does not involve the use of the bacterium containing the dsRNA phage of Groups IV or V. A search of one invention would not be co-extensive with a search of the others and hence said search would be burdensome.

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Claim 22 link(s) inventions IV and V. The restriction requirement between the linked inventions is subject to the nonallowance of the linking claim(s), claim 22. Upon the allowance of the linking claim(s), the restriction requirement as to the linked inventions shall be withdrawn and any claim(s) depending from or otherwise including all the limitations of the allowable linking claim(s) will be entitled to examination in the instant application. Applicant(s) are advised that if any such claim(s) depending from or including all the limitations of the allowable linking claim(s) is/are presented in a continuation or divisional application, the claims of the continuation or divisional application may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting

rejections over the claims of the instant application. Where a restriction requirement is

withdrawn, the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 121 are no longer applicable. In re Ziegler, 44

F.2d 1211, 1215, 170 USPQ 129, 131-32 (CCPA 1971). See also MPEP § 804.01.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is

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subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply

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where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David Guzo, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (571) 272-0767. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Irem Yucel, Ph.D., can be reached on (571) 272-0781. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

David Guzo July 11, 2005

PRIMARY EXAMINER

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